Numb. 318

The Daily Gazetteer.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 16. 1738.

No. 826.

IN the *Country Journal* of this Day, there is an anonymous Letter relating to the favourite Topick of *Spaniſh Depredations*, in which, as I have the Honour to be mentioned, it is neceſſary that I ſhould defend myſelf. But previous to this, I think it will not be amiſs to obſerve, that the Author of this Letter doth not declare himſelf one of the Petitioning *Merchants*; on the contrary, he is pleaſed to ſpeak of them in the *third* Perſon plural, tho' from the Matter, as well as the Stile, the Reader may eaſily perceive that this *Letter* came from the ſame Hand as did the laſt. The Title of a Merchant was, no doubt, wiſely dropp'd, to prevent its being diſowned by thoſe *Merchants* who Petitioned his Majeſty, and could not therefore with Decency, Petition afterwards *Caleb D'Anvers* to bring their Cauſe to a Hearing before the *People*: But let this ſecond Letter come from whom it will, as far as I am concerned therein, I ſhall give the *Author* of it a clear and candid Anſwer.

IN anſwer to ſome Queſtions propounded by me as to the Grounds of the preſent Clamour againſt the *Britiſh* Adminiſtration, he is pleaſed to admit, that due Attention was given to the Merchants Complaints; which, he ſays, they very gratefully acknowledge: He adds, that the Matter would have reſted there for ſome Time, in full Confidence that effectual Meaſures would have been taken for their Relief, had *they*, that is, the *Merchants*, not been attack'd in ſeveral Quarters, and the infamous Practices of the *Spaniards* been juſtified and ſupported, and themſelves treated as *Robbers* and *illicit Traders*. ——— It ſhould ſeem from this Account of the preſent Diſpute, that ſome Writers had taken Umbrage at the *Jamaica* Merchants Petitioning their Sovereign, had alſo taken upon them to decide on the Facts ſuggeſted in the Petition, and had even declared, that they ought to have no *Redreſs*; becauſe, inſtead of being *diſtreſſed* and *injured* Merchants, they were in Truth a Crew of *Robbers* and *Smugglers*. —— On this Point I join *Iſſue* with Mr. *D'Anvers*, or his Correſpondent, let either of them ſhew, that previous to any Attacks made on the Miniſtry under Colour of ſupporting the Cauſe of theſe Merchants, ſuch Papers were publiſhed; let him cite the exceptionable Paſſages, and make good this Charge, and I will readily acknowledge, what I take to be no trivial Conceſſion in his Favour, that the Merchants had Reaſon to write againſt theſe Writers, and to remove their *Cauſe* from the *Council Board*, to the *Tribunal* of the *Craftſman*.

HE is pleaſed, from the Beginning to the End of his Letter, to treat all who have written in a different Stile from himſelf on this Subject, as Advocates for Piracy, hiſpanilized Mercenaries, and Renegadoes to their Country. Mr. *D'Anvers* once did me the Honour before, to inſert a Letter from this, or ſome other Correſpondent, expreſly charging me with receiving *Spaniſh Money*, and with being brib'd to betray the Cauſe of *Great Britain*, by vindicating the Conduct of her Enemies. If Reputation, in the Opinion of theſe Gentlemen, be a Commodity of any Value, then they are themſelves a Sort of *Guarda Coſtas*, for they endeavour to take it from thoſe who have never injured them; for I will venture to ſay, they have as little Right to alledge, that a Writer is paid by a *Spaniſh* Miniſter, without being able to prove it, as the *Spaniſh Guarda Coſtas* have to ſeize *Engliſh* Ships, if they are unable to ſhew that they have carried on a contraband Trade. I do further ſay, that it is to me a ſtrong Argument, that the *Craftſman*'s Correſpondents, whoever they be, will aſſert any Thing, at any Time, to ſerve any of their private Purpoſes; becauſe I know that they have aſſerted a flagrant Falſhood with reſpect to me, to which they could have no other Temptation than this, that it coſt leſs Time and Pains to *forge* a *malicious Story*, than to Anſwer *Truth*.

THE Writer in laſt Saturday's *Craftſman*, admits the greater Part of what I have advanced on this Subject to be true; he owns that the *Spaniards* have a Right to guard their own Coaſts; he acknowledges that we have ſet them an Example by guarding ours; but he aſſerts, that the Captures complained of were made without any juſt Reaſon; I hope ſo too; and if the Caſe comes out ſo, I both heartily wiſh, and am fully perſuaded, an ample Satisfaction may and ought to be procured for them: But in the mean time till ſuch a Satisfaction can be procured, either by Negotiation or otherwiſe, I cannot but be of Opinion, that the Merchants themſelves, and all who are truly concerned for their Intereſt, would do better to let the Adminiſtration alone, and not to charge at a venture, and without the Poſſibility of having any Proofs, with Indolence, and want of having any Regard to their Intereſts, *thoſe* on whom their Hopes ought chiefly to depend. It is certainly a new Doctrine in *Britain*, that the Crown, or its Miniſters, are obliged, on Notice given them by any News Writer, to account for the Meaſures they are taking, or which they intend to take, to the Publick, the Method in the World the moſt proper for defeating them, let them be of what Kind they will. I ſay this is a new, and a very abſurd Doctrine; and yet this, and this only, the *Craftſman* and his Correſpondents contend for; while, on the other hand, all that I pretend to alledge is, that the Adminiſtration hath hitherto acted in a juſtifiable Manner, and that the Publick have no Right to condemn the Conduct of the Miniſtry on this Head of *Spaniſh Depredations*, till it ſhall appear that they have neglected to obtain Satisfaction by fair Means, or have been content to ſit down with a flat Refuſal of any Satisfaction at all.

IN a former Paper of mine, I mentioned *Ringroſe*'s Hiſtory of the Buccaneers of *America*. Mr. *D'Anvers*'s Correſpendent ſays, that was not a parallel Caſe. *Why?* Becauſe ſay he, they were a Gang of looſe diſorderly Fellows of all Nations, who ſet out with *French* Commiſſions, and afterwards acted without any, nor were they received into, or had any Aſſiſtance or Encouragement from any of the *Britiſh* Colonies. Whereas the *Spaniſh* Guarda Coſtas act under Commiſſions, which it is to be ſuppoſed are not granted without Orders from *Spain*, carry our Veſſels publickly into Ports, and condemn them by unjuſt and indirect Methods, their Governors being concerned and ſharing in the Plunder. Upon this I muſt make ſome Obſervations, becauſe I think I am able to ſhew, that I ſtated the Caſe more fairly than Mr. *D'Anvers*'s Correſpondent hath done. That the Buccaneers were a Gang of looſe, diſorderly Fellows of all Nations, I admitted when I firſt ſpoke of them; but I cannot think that on this Account the Caſe is not Parallel; becauſe as far as I have been able to inform myſelf, the Crews of Guarda Coſtas are looſe, diſorderly Fellows of all Nations too. The Buccaneers exceeded their Commiſſions: Very well! And does any Body believe that the Guarda Coſtas are expreſly Commiſſioned to commit all the Villainies they are charged with? That the Buccaneers were never received in, or met with any Encouragement from the *Britiſh* Colonies, lies upon Mr. *D'Anvers* to prove. If he had read *Ringroſe*'s Hiſtory, he would have met with Facts that bear quite another Aſpect. As to the *Spaniſh* Governors in the *Weſt Indies* approving the Conduct of the Guarda Coſtas, I have nothing to ſay to it; but that they ſhould be ſuppoſed to do this in Conſequence of Orders from *Old Spain*, I think would be very hard; becauſe I have this Writer's own Teſtimony to prove, that the contrary thereof is true; for in another Part of this Letter he ſays, that after his Catholick Majeſty's Orders for Reſtitution and Satisfaction for ſeveral Ships were obtained, thoſe Orders were evaded by his Governors and other Officers in *America*, and the Claimants ſent away with trifling, prevaricating Anſwers. According to this Account, the Guarda Coſtas are very little better than Buccaneers, and at the long run, I believe, will meet with very little better Treatment: For I do ſuppoſe, that the Iſſue of this Buſineſs will be, that either his Catholick Majeſty will chaſtiſe them as his Subjects, or will conſider them no longer as his Subjects; but leave them to be Chaſtiſed by *Thoſe* whom they have *Injured*.

I think I have now given an Anſwer to Mr. *D'Anvers*'s Correſpondent, ſo far as his Letter regards me, or any thing I have ſaid upon this Subject. I ſhall alſo take this Opportunity, once more to declare, That I have it not in my Intention, nor ever had, to vindicate the Conduct of the *Spaniards* or their Governors in the *Weſt Indies*; on the contrary, I am perſuaded that they, as well as the Commanders of the Guarda Coſtas, have exceeded their Commiſſions, and I doubt not will ſome time or other be puniſhed for ſo doing. But at the ſame time I acknowledge I have been, and ſtill am of Opinion, that the Miniſtry of *Great Britain* have acted with great Wiſdom and Prudence, and upon Motives perfectly Juſt and Honourable, as I am ſatisfied the Merchants trading to *Jamaica* will hereafter confeſs. I do likewiſe affirm, That I do not conceive the preſent Controverſy to be between the Friends of the Adminiſtration and the *Jamaica* Merchants; but between thoſe who are well affected to his Majeſty's Government, and thoſe who are Enemies to it; who have laid hold of this Subject, as they have done of many others, to miſrepreſent their Superiors to the People. Thus by dividing us at home, they leſſen our Reputation, as a Nation, abroad, and contribute, as far as in them lies, to increaſe thoſe Evils of which they ſo loudly complain. In reſpect to the preſent Diſpute, they carry things with a very high Hand, and as if they had the Concurrence of the Merchants in every Step they took; but of this, I ſuppoſe, the Publick will ſuſpend their Belief, till they ſee the Merchants ſign their Addreſſes to the *Craftſman*, as they did their Petition to his Majeſty; for till then, it will never be credited that thoſe Gentlemen who ſo lately ſought the Aſſiſtance of the Government do now fly in the Face of it, and do all in their Power to defame and aſperſe it.

FREEMAN.

To Mr. R. S. *of the Temple (not of Oxford) on his Tale in the* Old Common Senſe *of Saturday laſt.*

IN every Country *Knaves* and *Fools* are born,
In *ſome* the *laſt* are kept from publick *Scorn*
By wiſe *Reſtraint*;—— but where all Men are *free*,
Fools will not fail to ſhew —— that *Fools* they *be*;
'Twixt *our's* and *other's Fools*, here's all that's *in't*,
They *Rave* and *Dream* Abroad —— with Us —— they *Print*.

COUNTRY NEWS.

Hereford, Feb. 6. This Day at Mr. Thomas Stead's at the Swan and Faulcon, a Lodge of Free and Accepted Maſons was regularly conſtituted, by virtue of certain Powers to them delegated for that Purpoſe by the Right Hon. Edward Earl and Viſcount Darnley, Grand Maſter of the Antient and Honourable Society of Free and Accepted Maſons: After which there was an elegant Entertainment for the Brethren, at which were drank the Healths of his Majeſty, the Prince of Wales, and the reſt of the Royal Family; as were likewiſe the Healths of the preſent Grand Maſter, and other Noble and Worthy Members of that antient Fraternity. The Evening concluded with ringing of Bells, Illuminations, &c.

HOME PORTS.

Plymouth, Feb. 11. Arrived the Induſtry, Hart, from Jamaica.

Briſtol. Feb. 11. Yeſterday Morning arrived the Nightingale, Hoskins, in 9 Weeks from Jamaica.

Arrived at Jamaica the Scrope, Cooper; Weſtmoreland, ——; Port Royal, Nicholſon; and Ruby, Butler; at Cadiz, the Somerſet, ——; at Stygoe, the Bremen Factor, Foreſt; and at Bourdeaux, the Middleton, Lyon; all 7 from hence.

Pool, Feb. 13. Yeſterday ſailed from hence the Diſpatch, Guilliot, of and for Plymouth; but in going out of the Harbour, and the Wind blowing freſh at Eaſt, drove aſhore on the Sands, and there in all Probability will be loſt.

Portſmouth, Feb. 14. On Friday Evening laſt arrived here from London Commodore Brown; as did alſo Money to pay two Months Wages in Six to the Crews of his Majeſty's Ships at Spithead, and on Saturday and Monday they were paid accordingly. Came to Spithead from the Eaſtward, his Majeſty's Ship the Saltaſh, Capt. Winnet, and is ſince ſailed for Plymouth.

T'

This is the Day fix'd by Commodore Brown for failing, and 'tis believed as the Wind is Eaſterly, and all Gentlemen belonging to them ſeem expeditious in repairing on board, that it won't be long before they will be in Motion.

At preſent are at Spithead his Majeſty's Ships the Hampton Court, Windſor, Centurion, Falmouth, Angleſea, Sheerneſs and Blandford: Tho' it is ſaid, that only the Hampton-Court, Windſor and Angleſea, will ſail with the Commodore.

Deal, Feb. 14. Wind S. E. No Ship in the Downs.

LONDON.

A French Mail arrived Yeſterday, but brought nothing material.

Tueſday laſt Mr. Theodore Cock, an eminent Linnen Draper in Cheapſide, was marry'd to Miſs Dupree of Camberwell, an agreeable young Lady with a handſome Fortune.

The ſame Day Mr. Wilbert of Beaufort Buildings in the Strand, Woodmonger, was married to Mrs. Romany, of Great James Street near Bedford Row, Relict of Mr. Romany, who was formerly Secretary to the Spaniſh Ambaſſador then at this Court, with whom we hear he has a conſiderable Fortune.

Laſt Week Mr. Thomas Stanley, only Son of the Rev. Mr. Stanley of Middleton Cheney in Northamptonſhire, was married to Miſs Suſannah Brent of Banbury in Oxfordſhire, an agreeable young Lady with a good Fortune.

Yeſterday John Morley Trevor, Eſq; took the Oaths and his Seat in the Honourable Houſe of Commons for the Borough of Lewes in Suſſex, in the room of Thomas Pelham, Eſq; deceaſed.

The ſame Day the Commiſſioners of the Bridge met at their Houſe in Duke's Street, Weſtminſter, and adjourned to Wedneſday next.

On Tueſday laſt came on the Election of a Member for Yarmouth, in the room of Col. Townſhend, deceaſed, when Capt. Roger Townſhend, fourth Son of the Lord Viſcount Townſhend, was choſen.

Yeſterday ſeveral Priſoners were removed from the Gatehouſe, the two Compters, and other adjacent Gaols to Newgate, in order to take their Trials at the enſuing Seſſions at the Old Baily, which begins on Wedneſday next.

Yeſterday the Lady Hotham, Relict of the late Sir Charles Hotham, Bart. and Siſter to the Earl of Cheſterfield, lay very dangerouſly ill at her Houſe in Stretton-ſtreet, Piccadilly.

Laſt Friday died, in an advanced Age, at his Houſe at Totneſs, in the County of Devon, William Sexton, Eſq; one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace, and poſſeſſed of a plentiful Eſtate in the ſaid County.

William Curzon, Eſq; Member of Parliament for Clithero in Lancaſhire, is dangerouſly ill at Aix la Chapple.

Yeſterday Morning died, in an advanced Age, at his Houſe in Audley-ſtreet, Thomas Stuart, Eſq; a near Relation to the Right Hon. the Lord Blantyre of North Briton.

Yeſterday being the firſt Sittings of the ſeveral Courts at Guildhall after Hillary Term, Sir George Champion, Knight and Alderman, and one of the Sheriffs of this City, gave a grand Entertainment on that Occaſion to the Judges, Serjeants, and Council, at Coopers Hall in Baſinghall-ſtreet.

Yeſterday in the Afternoon one of his Majeſty's Meſſengers was diſpatched from Whitehall, with an Expreſs to his Excellency Mr. Keen, his Majeſty's Miniſter at the Court of Madrid.

A new Writ is ordered to be iſſued out for electing a Member to ſerve in this preſent Parliament for the Borough of Dunwich, in the County of Suſſex, in the room of Sir Orlando Bridgman, Bart. who ſince his Election hath accepted of the Government of Barbados.

Laſt Thurſday came on the Election of a Member to ſerve in the preſent Parliament for the Borough of Rippon, in the County of York, in the room of William Aiſlabie, Eſq; who ſince his Election hath accepted the Place of Auditor of his Majeſty's Impreſt, when the ſaid Gentleman was rechoſen without Oppoſition.

High Water this Day at London Bridge.	Morning		Evening
	07	30	08 03

Bank Stock 142 141 3-4ths. India 175 1-half. South Sea 101 1-half to 5 8ths. Old Annuity 111 7-8ths to 112. New ditto 109 5-8ths to 3-4ths. Three per Cent. 106 1-half to 5-8ths. 3 per Cent. Loan 110 3-4ths. 5 per Cent. ditto 101. Royal Aſſurance 110. London Aſſurance 15. African 14. India Bonds 6 l. 18 s. to 19 s. Prem. South Sea ditto, 2 l. 18 s. Premium. Bank Circulation 1 l. 12 s. 6 d. to 15 s Prem. Salt Tallies 1 to 4 Premium. Engliſh Copper 2 l. 18 s. Welſh ditto 15. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 6 1-half per Cent. Prem. Three per Cent. ditto 3 3-8ths per Cent. Premium. Million Bank 123.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the Commiſſioners for building a Bridge at Weſtminſter, are to meet at their Office in Duke-ſtreet, Weſtminſter, on Wedneſday the 22d Inſtant, at 10 of the Clock in the Forenoon.

Iſlington-Turnpike, Feb. 14, 1737.

THE Truſtees for putting in Execution the ſeveral Acts of Parliament for Repairs of the Roads, leading from the Stones End to Highgate Gatehouſe and Hampſtead, do hereby give Notice, That the Truſtees intend to proceed to the Election of a Clerk to ſucceed the late Mr. Edward Boyllin, by Poll, at the Caſtle Tavern in Holbourn, on Tueſday the 21ſt of this inſtant February, at 10 of the Clock in the Forenoon, which Poll is to continue till 4 in the Afternoon, when it will be cloſed; and the Truſtees are then to proceed to conſider on the other Affairs of the ſaid Truſt.

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I came not to deſtroy the Law, but to fulfil it.

Ye believe in GOD, *believe alſo in* ME.

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The only ſhort and infallible CURE *For the* HEMORRHOIDS *or* PILES *of any Kind, or in either Sex; and allowed ſo to be by the moſt eminent Phyſicians in Europe.*

IT is a pleaſant ELECTUARY, which at once infallibly cures the Piles, be they ever ſo bad, and even after all other Means have failed, and that without any Trouble, Difficulty, or the leaſt Confinement; in the ſharpeſt Pain, and moſt miſerable Torture, it gives ſurprizing Relief, and almoſt miraculous Eaſe.

No ſooner is it taken fearcely, but all manner of Uneaſineſs vaniſhes, as if by Inchantment, and the Patient becomes as perfectly well and free from Pain, as if no ſuch Malady had ever been, and this it not only accompliſhes for the preſent, in all Perſons whatſoever, but alſo, by totally ſubduing all Sharpneſs in the Blood and Juices, it certainly prevents any Return of the PILES for the future, ſo as intirely to cure that Illneſs, and thereby prevent Fiſtula's, and other direful Conſequences, that cannot be too much dreaded.

Thouſands of Men and Women, who had for many Years, more or leſs, been wretchedly afflicted with the PILES, have at once been perfectly cured by this great Remedy, to their no leſs Joy and Comfort than Admiration.

It is ſo ſafe, that a ſucking Child might take it without Inconvenience, for it never occaſions the leaſt Trouble or Diſorder, and is ſo very agreeable to take, as not to give Diſtaſte to the niceſt Palate. Is ſold only at Jacob's Coffee-houſe, againſt the Angel and Crown Tavern in Broad-ſtreet, behind the Royal-Exchange, at 5 s. a Pot, with Directions.

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